

NUMBER 73

BUY THE BEST!
Just For This Reason,
No More Blocking Up
Cheapest In The End.
Metcalfe Manufacturing Co.
BRING YOUR JOB WORK
TO :: THIS :: OFFICE

The Methodist Bishops have concluded to permit their ministers to remain five years with one church.

We hear that Bill Ellis made a rip-roaring Democratic speech at Dawson last week. Bill is running just as hard as if Gordon and Breathitt were really after him.

We see that the papers are calling Jim Breathitt "Captain." This is an affront which we indignantly resent. We never send out an office-seeker from this county with a lower grade than Colonel. Therefore, gentlemen, please refer to the Republican lamb as "Col." Breathitt.

We believe that the people of this county are magnanimous enough to vote an adequate railroad tax. Of course no road can run through every neighborhood. Somebody has got to be missed, and surely the fellow that is a dozen miles to the right or left won't jeopardize the interests of his neighbors, and his own too, by helping to defeat a road that will build up the whole county.

The following appeared in the St. Louis and Nashville papers Friday: "A special from Hopkinsville, Ky., says Bill Miller, a negro who distinguished himself sometime since by biting off the head of a snake, is dead from the effects. He died in great agony."

It has never been our privilege to hear of Mr. Miller before it was announced that he lived here in the Associate Press dispatches. However, if Mr. Miller does live here and did bite off the head of a snake and did die in great agony, we are not disposed to have a post mortem to determine the place of his residence.

Hopkinsville's railroad meetings, &c., have grown to be beset in the eyes of some people. We have tried and tried, until now we are laughed at for trying. The poor organist has done his best to be shot at last by those who formerly danced to his music. But it should be remembered that it is the eternal hammering away at the thing that has finally brought us in reach of the reality. The coming of our road has been like the coming of the tide.

"The weary watching wave on wave, And yet the tide heaves onward; We build, like coral, grave on grave, But pave a pathway seaward. We are beaten back in many a fray, But never strength we borrow; And when the vanguard rests to-day, The rear shall camp to-morrow." We have been "resting" and "camping" until now, in the language of the much quoted Eli, "we've about got there."

Several days before the recent Republican Congressional Convention, in a newspaper interview Mr. James Breathitt stated that he would not have the nomination. His father presided over the convention and must have known his son's intentions, if any number of the delegates were in ignorance of them. And yet Mr. Breathitt was nominated, and two or three days later declined the nomination. It seems just the least probable that his party was fully aware of what it was doing. It went through the form of nominating a candidate whose declination was assured in advance, and now its members can quietly vote for Gordon, Col. Al Clark, of Hopkinsville, very nearly expressed it the other day when he said: "I am for Gordon, not because he is a prohibitionist, but because he is a Republican." There is a very large sentiment among the Republicans, as the Messenger announced weeks ago, in favor of Gordon. There are some very rabid anti-Prohibition Republicans in the district, however. It remains to be seen whether they will insist upon making another nomination.—Owensboro Messenger.

This is all right if Mr. Breathitt had declined to make the race. He has never yet authorized the statement that he would not run.

Whatever railroad proposition is submitted to the people of this county will have to be first submitted to the county court and the election ordered by a vote of the magistrates. No constitutional provision in the charter of any railroad company can set aside this requirement. As things now stand upon the question, we expect to be called upon in a short while to order an election, and they should even now begin to consider the matter. Of course the court cannot refuse to grant the people the right to vote on anything. A magistrate who would arrogate to himself the prerogative of dictating what matters shall be voted upon by the public, and what shall not, transcends the ordinary rights and restrictions of citizenship and assumes imperial powers. That the election is ordered does not commit our Justices to the proposition in question; they merely say by their action that "here is a question for the people to decide, let them act as judgment dictates."

Of course we realize that it would be a violent presumption to insinuate that the county court will refuse to order the election, and we offer these reflections as merely explanatory of the course they most assuredly will follow. And in no case is it to be presumed that merely because the court has ordered a vote that therefore the "Squires endorse the railroad tax." They simply say that the people shall have the opportunity to decide the question for themselves. Under these considerations it is hard to imagine how any member of the court can so far forget the rights of the people to settle by vote all questions, as to be willing to record his name as being opposed to an election on a railroad subsidy.

RESIGNATION.

Having determined to retire permanently from the profession of Journalism, I resign my position on the KENTUCKIAN with an expression of the sincere and cordial relations existing between Messrs. Wilgus, Bartley and myself, and with thanks to a long suffering public that has always been over-ready to accord me the credit my work deserved.

Messrs. Wilgus and Bartley are experienced newspaper men. They know the business in all its details. The job department cannot be surpassed in Southern Kentucky, and under their management the local and editorial features of the paper will be brighter than ever. They have the confidence of the people, and I can guarantee their fitness for a continuance of public favor.

Mr. Allen M. Wallis will hereafter be an attaché of the KENTUCKIAN. For over twenty years he has been a newspaper man in this city and has done everything about an office from starting a fire in the engine to writing heavy leaders. His work on the local and editorial pages and in the office will be manifest, and I bespeak for him that hearty appreciation which his ability and experience deserve.

J. O. RUST.

The Relative Financial Strength

Of the great mutual life insurance companies, from official sources, is compared in the advertisement of the Equitable on our 31 page. The gravest objection ever urged against life insurance as usually conducted, was, in popular parlance, that "a man must pay 'till he dies, and must die to win." This objection is obviated by Tontine life insurance, without any increase in the rates of premium, by the accumulation of all surplus or profits during periods of 10, 15 or 20 years for division among those who then survive, whereby those who survive their periods of Tontine accumulation, are secured the right at their option to either continue the assurance without further payment of premium, or to surrender the policy for the largest possible surrender value in cash, as a provision for old age. Some die early, some live out their "expectation," others survive to extreme old age.

The Equitable devised Tontine life insurance in 1868. The record reads thus: When these policies began to mature in 1878, New Business \$20,000,000; Total Assurance \$160,000,000; in 1887 New Business \$138,000,000; Total Assurance \$183,000,000. The Equitable secured last year nearly one-third of the entire new business, and had upon its books at the close of 1887, one-fifth of the total assurance in force in the 26 American companies. Tontine life insurance has thus been demonstrated to be the grandest success of the age.

The Free Tontine Policy issued by the Equitable at Ordinary Life Limited payment Life and ordinary Endowment rates is Non-forfeitable after three years, (that is, may be surrendered for a paid up policy.) It is contestable after two years, (that is, free from all hazard of litigation or compromise during life, and payable immediately in the event of death.) It is free from all restrictions on travel, residence or occupation after one year, and secures important advantages not combined in the policy of any other company.

Roe & Lyon, managers of the Louisville office, have represented the Equitable 23 years with a clean record. John M. Hester, of Hopkinsville, the District agent, is a born life insurance man and was raised in Christian where the Equitable has a large, prosperous business.

THE PRESIDENT'S LETTER.

The President gave out his letter of acceptance Saturday. It lost nothing by delay and will be read by every voter in the land. "It is the work of a statesman who loves his people and his country, and whose regard for their welfare overshadows all other purposes; indeed, it seems that he almost rose above party differences in considering the questions that are before the public mind for settlement in the Presidential election."

His position upon every question and the purpose and policy of the Democracy in their adjustment under his administration, and the benefits to be derived therefrom, are clearly defined.

Upon the great question of tariff revision he stands upon and reiterates the principles advocated by the fathers of Democracy.

His specific declaration that the tariff shall be so levied as to protect American labor to the extent of the difference between the wages paid our workmen employed in like manufactures, indorses to the letter the platform.

This clear and explicit interpretation of the Democratic platform policy, forever, and by authority, the cry of free-trade.

"We are entering on no free-trade crusade," says Mr. Cleveland; and the plain declaration of what Democratic tariff revision means, reassures the workmen and pledges in the most solemn manner the Democratic party to their protection.

The clear and explicit manner in which Mr. Cleveland points out the dangers of the surplus, the invitation to extravagance that its presence con-

stantly holds out, is one of the most admirable parts of his letter. It is not mixed up in a mass of words; the facts are stated pointedly so that all can understand them, and every intelligent citizen must fully agree with his line.

If anybody has ever entertained a doubt as to Mr. Cleveland's election, this masterly, statesman-like letter will dispel it. The next President is as good as elected, and his name is Grover-Cleveland.

AMONG THE DOCTORS.

Important Information on a Variety of Medical Topics.

Dr. Underwood, the customs medical officer at Kin-Kiang, attributes the comparative immunity of the Chinese in that region from typhoid fever—notwithstanding that most of the factors favoring the disease are present in abundance—to the fact that "cold, unboiled water is rarely or never used when tea can be had." The explanation is simple: A boiling temperature destroys the typhoid poison.

Having investigated sixty-three cases of excessive use of tobacco, DeCassie finds forty-nine to be over fifty years of age. In thirty-seven cases the smokers pursued the habit fasting, and in these vorage was present, especially in the morning. Sometimes the vertiginous symptoms have been confounded with those due to cerebral congestion, and even to heart disease. Injections of ether subcutaneous appeared to stop the vertigo in a few minutes.

Vitally important as the knowledge may be, it is not always easy in cases of wounds of the abdomen to determine whether the intestines have been injured. Dr. Nicholas Senn, of Milwaukee, started the surgical section of the American Medical Association with some experiments intended to show the value of hydrogen in the diagnosis of such wounds. Eumata of the gas were given to the dogs for a few minutes, and it was then ignited at the animals' nose; a stab wound was then inflicted, and it was ignited at the point of puncture. In like manner a pistol-shot wound was diagnosed. The innocuousness of the gas itself was affirmed and demonstrated. The experiments were looked upon as of the greatest significance, and Dr. Senn was heartily congratulated.

A sub-committee of the American Medical Association, on the subject of infant feeding offers the following as useful rules: 1. In the case of infants deprived of breast-milk the artificial substitute should correspond as nearly as possible to human milk. 2. Cow's milk corresponds to breast-milk in most respects, but its casein should be broken up, so as not to coagulate in large masses in the stomach. A portion of milk should be first peptonized and then added to fresh milk. 3. Raw starch is inadmissible, and the practice of adding it to fresh milk is wrong. 4. Fully-digested food for either adults or infants is bad for the digestive organs. 5. All nursing bottles should be boiled several times a day in order to destroy the germs of decomposition. Desiccated (partly peptonized) milk is often a convenient and efficient substitute for mother's milk.

For every death from small-pox in the United States during the last third of a century there have been six from scarlet fever; and for every death from cholera during the same period there have been twenty-two from typhoid fever. There is, it is true, no such known and tested method of preventing scarlet fever as vaccination certainly furnishes for small-pox, but much could be done to limit the ravages of the red pestilence that has yet been attempted; and in the case of typhoid fever—that is as absolutely preventable as any contagion. It is rightly called the "typical filth disease," and its prevalence in a community is an unerring indication of the most disgusting form of water pollution. Sanitarians and health officers, and the exponents of preventive medicine generally would do well to devote more attention to these diseases which have become domesticated with us, rather than expend their energies so exclusively upon the exclusion of Asiatic cholera, yellow fever and other exotic pestilences.—Chicago News.

THINK FOR YOURSELF.

Why Every Young Man Should Develop a Mind of His Own.

A man without a mind of his own is the most helpless and shiftless of social beings. His brain is a mere receptacle for shreds and patches of opinion picked up in the streets, and the same indolence which leads him to look to every body save himself for guidance, renders him incapable of selecting from the multifarious counsel he receives that which is best adapted to his exigencies. Nay, in his weak dependence upon the opinions of others, he fails to make any selections at all, and while he wavers and hesitates, the golden opportunity for decisive action slips by, and leaves him floundering in a predicament, from which one manly stride in almost any direction would extricate him. But let the weak of purpose take heart. This unfortunate propensity to vacillate may be overcome. Habits of self-dependence may be acquired. Cowards by nature have reasoned themselves, ere now, into a philosophic indifference to danger, and even the changeable man, whose mind has in a measure lost its identity, and is accustomed to take, for the time being, the hue of every mind with which it comes in contact, may learn to resolve and execute on his own responsibility. It must not be supposed that we would dissuade any one from asking advice of the wise and experienced, or from following it in preference to his impulses. The very fact of a man seeking counsel in the right quarter and promptly adopting it, is evidence that he has a mind of his own, that his judgment is sound, that his reason is stronger than his vanity. It is not with those who brace themselves against a rock in time of difficulty that we would remonstrate, but with the leannors on reeds, the catchers at straws, the charless, who are puffed higher and tumbled by every little breeze. Of all impediments to success, instability is the most fatal. Every young man, on entering the business world, should form for himself, or adopt at the suggestion of competent advisors, a plan of life based upon sound morality, and shaped so as to accord with the best and scope of his mental capacity. His course chalked out, let him take courage, and with a stout heart and all his might, let him push forward with hope and confidence.—Manchester (Eng.) Factory Times.

COURT NOTES.

Yesterday the case of the Commonwealth against Charlie Kimbrough col., charged with killing Harvey Garnett, col., at Herndon June 21st '87, was tried. The evidence against Kimbrough was not strong and he was cleared.

The Stanley case was also set for yesterday. It will be remembered that Harmon and Renzy Stanley, col., killed Colonel Ebling at the August election two years ago. They have stood two trials, the first resulting in a hung jury, the second in a conviction for 7 years upon which an appeal was taken and the judgement reversed. The Stanley's were then released under a bond of \$300 each. Yesterday they were in town ready for trial, but the case was continued at the instance of the defense.

Harvest Excursions.

The Wabash Western Railway, (short line between St. Louis and Kansas City,) will sell excursion tickets to Kansas and Dakota points. One fare for round trip tickets, good 30 days from date of sale, on following dates, viz: Aug. 21st, Sept. 11th and 26th, and Oct. 9th and 23d. Three trains daily each way between St. Louis and Kansas City, making fastest time between the two cities. Two daily trains to St. Paul. Six hours quickest time to Omaha. All trains equipped with free reclining chair cars and Pullman Buffet sleeping cars. For tickets, maps, etc., write to R. H. Fowler, Traveling Passenger Agt., Louisville, Ky.

Remember that the job work turned out by us will stand the test of close inspection, and if you want the best of work at low prices, bring it to us.

OPERA HOUSE!

Saturday Sept. 15.
Opening of the Theatrical Season with

GOODYEAR, COOK & DILLON'S
REFINED MINSTRELS

PRICES:—Gallery, 25 cents; First floor, 50 and 75 cents. According to location.

S. WALTON FORGY,
LAWYER.

OFFICE OVER PLANTER'S BANK.
Special attention given to all Business.

Burnett House,
Re-modeled and Re-furnished first-class.

I. M. HUGHES, Prop.
(Formerly of Bardonia, Ky.)

S. E. CORNER NINTH and BROADWAY,
LOUISVILLE, - KY.

Street Cars to all parts of the city. Fine Liquors, Cigars and Tobacco.

W. M. HALE and BEN RODGERS, CLERKS.

Rates: \$1.50 per day.
1-17-88.

FACTS THAT CAN BE
PROVEN!

CALL AND BE
CONVINCED!

YOU CAN SAVE MONEY BY BUYING FROM US

We have a large stock of hosiery. Would call attention to our absolutely fast color black hose. Will refund money for every pair that stains the feet or undergarments. Nice quality and very cheap.

Swiss Embroideries, Hamburgs, India Linens, Victoria Lawns, Checked Mullins, and all White Goods for cheaper than you can buy them down in town. Please try us on these goods.

We would be glad to show you our stock of confections, Towels, Napkins, Table Linens, Handkerchiefs, &c. We make the bold assertion and stand ready to prove it that ours are the cheapest in the city.

We carry a nice line in the rear of our goods, all alterations, repairs, and give us a call, and prices than any

Domestic, Sheetings, Cheviots, Bed Tickings, Cottons, &c., Ready-Made Shirts, in great variety. Jeans Pants, all grades, Mole Skin Pants, best quality.

Our stock of hats cannot be surpassed by any house in the city. All shapes and shades and cheaper than any in the city.

We brag on our stock of Shoes, and would be glad to show them to you and feel confident we can please you.

Our stock of Underwear is complete. Landered and Unlandered Shirts, Collars and Cuffs, all latest styles. Handkerchiefs, Suspenders, Socks, &c.

Our line of Neck Ties cannot be surpassed.

line of Groceries store and would be glad to show you our member us and promising lower prices than any house in the city.

VERY RESPECTFULLY,

GILLILAND & KENNEDY,

230 Ninth Street,
Opposite Methodist Church.

THEY MUST GO! Now Is Your Chance.

\$10.00

Will buy choice of any MAN'S SUIT or OVERCOAT in our house.

\$7.50

Will buy choice of any YOUTH'S SUIT or OVERCOAT in our house.

\$5.00

Will buy choice of any BOY'S SUIT or OVERCOAT in our house.

We have many Fine Suits and Overcoats that are worth \$15.00, \$20.00 and \$25.00. We give you pick and choice for \$10.00.

We must get rid of our stock as soon as possible and have determined to put the knife deep into them.

These DEEP CUT PRICES positively for 15 days only and

STRICTLY FOR CASH.

THE OLD RELIABLE,

M. FRANKEL & SONS.

AT COST!

AT COST!

GREAT BARGAIN SALE!

Owing to a change in our firm the First of September, we will sell our Large Stock of CLOTHING AT COST FOR

CASH, this is a rare chance to get a

FINE SELECTION OF

GOODS and the

GREATEST BARGAINS WE EVER OFFERED.

We want to turn the Goods into Money so that we can form our new partnership more satisfactory. Everybody should see our stock of goods and prices, and get a share of Bargains. Come early and you can get first choice.

PYE & WALTON,

THINK DEEPLY!

When you are contemplating a purchase of anything in our line, no matter how small may be the amount involved.

ACT WISELY

By coming to look over our Large and Well Assorted Stock of all that is New and Seasonable,

DECIDE QUICKLY

To buy of us after seeing the prices and Examining the Quality of our goods, you can't resist them. It is impossible to better elsewhere.

NO BETTER VALUES

Can be found. We get the Choice of the Best Goods on the Market and the ready Command of Cash to purchase with enables me to buy at

Prices Wonderfully Low.

We are always ready to see you and show you our astonishing bargains of

Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes, Etc.

RESPECTFULLY,

Ike Lipstine.

H. G. ABERNATHY.

ABERNATHY & LONG,
(SUCCESSORS TO ABERNATHY & CO.)

Central--Tobacco--Warehouse,
HOPKINSVILLE, KY.

North side of 9th street, one square from Depot.

All consignments of Tobacco will receive our personal attention both in Sampling and Selling. Rooms and Stables for Drivers and Teams.

BIG MONEY! 5,000 AGENTS WANTED AT ONCE to supply Ten Million voters with the only official lives of

CLEVELAND AND THURMAN

By Hon. W. U. Hensel, also Life of Mrs. Cleveland; exquisite steel portraits, Voter's Card, Ridge Box, Reform Policy, &c., complete. AGENTS report immense success. For best work, apply quick and make \$200 to \$500 a month. Outfit 50c. JAS. MORRIS & CO., Cincinnati

First National Bank, OF HOPKINSVILLE, KY.

CAPITAL, - - \$64,000.

S. R. CRUMBAUGH, President. PALMER GRAVES, Cashier.
GEO. W. GRAVES, Vice-President. BAILEY RUSSELL, Book Keeper.

DIRECTORS:
S. R. CRUMBAUGH, J. F. JARRETT, W. A. LOWRY,
W. L. THOMPSON, R. W. HENRY, J. F. PROWSE.

BANKING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES. DOUBLE SECURITY TO DEPOSITORS.

FURNITURE!

We are daily receiving all the Latest Designs in Furniture in Walnut, Oak and Cherry. We have a very Handsome Stock of Solid Cherry Rocking Chairs, Walnut Cane Bottom Parlor Chairs which we are selling very Low, Quality considered.

We Guarantee Our Goods

To be just as we represent them and Prices to Suit Everybody. No one can afford to visit the city of Hopkinsville without calling and examining our Stock. We make a specialty of Undertaking. Every grade of Coffins and Caskets constantly on hand.

THOMPSON & MOREYNOLDS,

5-18-88.

THE NEW DRUG STORE,

Clarksville, Tennessee.

E. R. BOGARD, Late of Lafayette, PROPRIETOR.

Keeps Always on Hand a Full Stock of

Drugs, Patent Medicines and Druggist Sundries.

Finest Line of Toilet Articles in the City, also Best Brands Cigars and Tobacco.

Physicians -- Prescriptions -- Carefully -- Compounded.

Would be glad to have his Friends in Christian and adjoining counties call on him. LOCATION: Hrlington Block, Opposite Court House.

More than Doubling Last Year's Business.

Roe & Lyon, Managers of the Louisville Branch Office of the Equitable Life Assurance Society of New York, report the volume of their New Business as compared with that of the corresponding period of last year as follows:

APPLICATION FOR JULY, 1888, \$545,600; FOR 7 MONTHS, \$2,844,000.
" " " " 1887 \$254,500; FOR 7 MONTHS, \$1,057,000.

GAIN \$291,100, 114 PER CENT; \$1,777,000, 70 PER CENT.

All death claims under their Incontestable policies are paid immediately. Satisfactory settlements with living policy holders who survive their Tontine periods are made from day to day. The surplus for dividends to policy-holders of the Equitable is larger than that of any other company. The Equitable has become the largest, the strongest and the most prosperous great mutual life insurance company in the world.

J. M. HESTER, Agt.,
Hopkinsville, Ky.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 11, 1888

TABLE FOR TRAINS.

L. & N. Railroad.

DEPART SOUTH—5:00 A. M.; 5:10 P. M.
DEPART NORTH—5:30 A. M.; 5:40 P. M.
ARRIVE FROM SOUTH—5:25 A. M.; 5:35 P. M.
ARRIVE FROM NORTH—5:35 A. M.; 5:45 P. M.
W. W. Alexander Agent, Hopkinsville, Ky.
POST OFFICE—West Main Street, bet. 5th and 6th.

Open for letters, stamps—7 A. M. to 6 P. M.
Money orders—8 A. M. to 6 P. M.
Delivery, Sundays—10 A. M. to 4 P. M.

SOUTHERN EXPRESS OFFICE.

Seventh St. near Main.

TELEGRAPH OFFICES.

WESTERN UNION—Up stairs corner Main and 4th streets. Mrs. Randle and Miss Park, operators.

For Louisville, Chesapeake & Ohio Route.

No. 8.

Lv. Hopkinsville, L. N., 9:30 A. M.

Lv. Nashville, C. & O., 10:35 P. M.

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HERE AND THERE.

Miss Bessie Barnett has improved very much.

Policeman Wadlington sprained his leg severely last week.

The ball at Gracey last night promised to be a very pleasant affair.

On the 17th tickets will be sold to the K. of P. Jubilee in Louisville at \$3 round trip.

Street Superintendent Twyman ought to hurry and place gravel on South Main Street.

Miss Lillie Waller left Saturday for Bardonia where she will teach this season.

Rev. C. A. Barnes will preach at Lafayette Monday night after the third Sunday in this month.

Several citizens took Prof. Orton for Henry Ward Beecher, Friday, not allowing for Henry to be dead either.

The young ladies society of the Ninth St. Presbyterian Church will serve an oyster supper the first week in October.

The new Baptist Church at Crofton will be dedicated on the second Sunday in October by Rev. J. G. Bow, of Russellville.

Henry Caudle, col., went to sleep in his express wagon at the depot, Thursday night, and his horse ran away throwing him under the wheels. He was considerably bruised.

Conductor L. B. Waltz has gone to Cincinnati. Last week his left eye began to pain him and became so much worse that he had to go and consult a specialist on eye troubles.

Deputy Marshal Greer arrested Wm. Jessup and Lida Vaughan, colored, at Fairview, Thursday, charged with violating the revenue laws. Jessup was about to be married at the time of his arrest. They were tried by Judge Landes yesterday.

At Bowling Green last week the racing race was won by P. H. M. in 2:40, purse \$150. This is the first victory of Hopkinsville's "phenomenal gray." Nora G. came out second in the 2:35 trot, and Senator was out down in his race.

Aunt Rosa Ratliff, colored, died Thursday night in her 115th year. She was undoubtedly the oldest person in the county. She was perfectly well up to the time of her death which was no doubt caused by her extreme old age.

As the north bound passenger which gets here at 10 p. m., was going over Baker's hill, Friday night, the two rear cars broke loose and started down grade at a fearful rate. Somehow the brakes clamped and no doubt saved the lives of all those on board.

Mr. Geo. W. Graves has been a record of which few men can boast. He lives on Maple street only a few squares from the business portion of the city, yet he has only been down in town one time at night in four years, and has not been down in the city but twice on Sunday in 14 years.

The Gleaner is informed that there are now several applicants for the position of post-master at Corydon. When it is understood that this position is held by Hon. J. V. Owen, who is now extremely ill, and that the applications are made in view of his death, the shamefulness of these applicants is most apparent.—Henderson Gleaner.

In another column appears the card of attorney S. W. Forgy. Mr. Forgy has recently reached his majority. After a little more than a year at the bar, he finds himself over-run with practice, a rare incident in the lives of legal youngsters. He is a sober, industrious young man, strictly dutiful to the interests of his clients. At the bar he has a pleasing address and is fast achieving the qualities of a first class speaker.

Prof. Edward Orton, State Geologist of Ohio, was in the city Friday. In company with Kelly, Geo. Green, Prof. Lipscomb and Sam McCarty he visited the gas well, and after a thorough investigation he said he could not encourage our "gasers". He also inspected the country to the north and was profuse in his compliments of the fertility of Christian county. He thought we were rich enough not to need mineral wealth. Prof. Orton is the acknowledged leading authority on natural gas. He stopped over to spend the day with his former pupil, Prof. C. H. Dietrich.

Bethel Female College is opening with splendid prospects. Whilst the local patronage is well kept up showing the good standard of the school at home the patronage from a distance represents some of the best families in the country. Among the young ladies from abroad may be mentioned, Miss Ada Hunt and Ida Jones of Adairville, Miss Mary Miller of Russellville, Misses Lizzie Hill and Daisy Basket of Henderson, Misses Lucy and Jessie White of Cadiz, Miss Birdie Hopkins of Canton, Misses Jennie Richardson and Maggie Bradshaw of Pembroke, Miss Brame of Longview, Miss Gusie Nelson of Slaughter, Miss Claude Granger, of Burlington, Latta Schutt, of Calhoun, Lella Morehead, of Sacramento, Sallie Booth of Nebo. Prof. Rust is to be congratulated upon the continued prosperity of his school.

And still the idle rumor is started and goes the rounds, to the effect that the O. V. has sold out. That the L. & N. has bought it and intends fencing it with "whistling posts." Some of our Hopkinsville exchanges have made this last discovery. Hopkinsville may never hear the whistle of an O. V. engine, but we shall have an abiding faith in the O. V., and will wager our Hopkinsville contemporary the bottle of soothing syrup that it needs, that the L. & N. never plants a whistling post along the O. V.—Princeton Banner.

A Rousing Meeting.

The railroad meeting, Thursday night, was an enthusiastic gathering of representative business men. Esq. Thos. Green was elected chairman, and J. O. Rust Secretary. The speeches were sharp and to the point and the action of the meeting business like.

Mr. Clark, president of the Ky. and Tenn. road refused to say anything because "it was not his meeting," finally however he read the following telegram.

"CHICAGO, ILL., Sept. 5th.—Col. A. H. Clark.—Letter of the fourth received. If Christian county does not vote aid as promised, there will be no incentive to change our original plan of going south via Paducah. We are not desirous of pushing our claim upon your people, we must have their co-operation in this undertaking otherwise we will withdraw from the field. W. G. Wilson.

Mr. Abernathy in behalf of the Cairo & Tenn. river road, outlined his proposition, which was that he would ask \$200,000 of this county, \$100,000 when the cars are running between here and Cairo, and \$100,000 when the road is completed to the Todd county line.

Mr. Wm. Cowan read the following letter from Col. Joe F. Ford:

"EABLINGTON, KY., Sept. 6.—Mr. W. M. Cowan, Hopkinsville.—Dear Sir: I learned from you this morning that there would be a railroad meeting in your city to-night. I had had timely notice I could and would have attended. I wish you to say for me at the meeting that I have not abandoned the idea of submitting a proposition by any means and propose to do so just as soon as the O. V. is out of the way. You may say further that in any proposition I may make I will guarantee its fulfillment to the letter, and will be able to build the road from Hopkinsville to any agreed point westward even if we have to go entirely to the Mississippi river, without asking a dollar until the road is completed and the cars running, and if we undertake it we can build the road from Hopkinsville to the Cumberland river through Cadiz in four months. J. F. Ford.

After discussing the railroad outlook in all its phases the following resolution was passed:

Resolved, That a committee of seven be appointed by the chair with the approval of this meeting to confer especially with Col. B. A. Nairn in regard to the building of the Cairo & Cumberland Gap through this county and city, and required to investigate his financial affairs, with power also to confer with any other railroad projectors, and that said committee report to this body at its next meeting.

The chair appointed the following committee: Thos. Green, Sr., chairman; J. I. Landes, E. P. Campbell, Lucien Jones, W. P. Winfree, H. G. Gant, and Geo. W. Long. The meeting then adjourned to meet next Thursday night in the court house.

A Strange Case.

Several days ago Dr. Brandon walked into Wootton & Cates drug store, at Lafayette, made a purchase and went out. He unintentionally left \$21 on the counter. In twenty minutes he went back and the money was gone. Mr. Anglin, the clerk, said only two men had been in the house, Gilley Long and Tom Collins. A few days later Warren Williams was seen with a half dollar which Dr. Brandon identified as being a part of the money he lost. When questioned Williams said Long gave it to him in change for a bill. Both Long and Williams are accused of the theft and were tried yesterday. Charley Bush defending the first and Henry Stites the second. County Attorney Payne could not attend owing to the trial of the Stanley boys in the Circuit Court. He was not needed, however, as the other two lawyers will prosecute each others clients.

Crushed By a Tree.

Friday morning Jerry Graves, colored, was cutting a tree, near Crofton. The tree lodged against another, and in attempting to shove it off he was somehow caught under it and had his head frightfully mashed. He died almost instantly.

Brakeman Killed.

Saturday night, at Guthrie, a brakeman named J. Goldstein walked off of the top of a box car and fell to the track beneath, breaking his neck and causing instant death. Goldstein was well known in this city and used to run on the local freight.

Barns Burned.

Thursday night, Mr. Ed Combs lost a barn containing about 15 acres of tobacco by fire. He had no insurance.

Friday night Mr. James Coleman's barn containing 1,500 sticks of tobacco was burned.

Harvest Excursions.

Special Harvest Excursions will be run August 21st, September 11th, and 25th, and October 9th, and 23rd. On One Limited First-Class Fare For The Round Trip.

Tickets may be at had these rates upon the dates named to all points in Texas, Arkansas, Indian Territory, Dakota and to all points in Kansas and Nebraska, 100 miles or more beyond Kansas City. Also to points in Colorado as far west as Denver, Colo. and Union Pacific, Ft. Morgan, Colo. and Grover, Colo. on Burlington and Missouri River R. R. Kibbourn, Colo. on Mo. Pac. R. R. and La Junta, Colo. on A. T. and S. F. Ry.

Also to points in Iowa, North and West of and including Ackley, and to all points beyond St. Paul to which the rates are \$5.00 or more higher than St. Paul rates.

Time limit three days going and five days returning; extreme limit thirty (30) days from date of sale.

Stop over privileges within the limit of limit of tickets allowed upon all lines West of Missouri River and North of St. Paul upon going trip only.

C. P. Atmore, Gen'l. Pass. Agent.

OUR NEIGHBORS.

It is not an uncommon thing in the Trenton vicinity to see 60 acre fields of tobacco growing.—Progress.

Mr. R. E. Leigh, groceryman of this city, made an assignment for the benefit of his creditors, Ben T. Perkins being made the assignee. Liabilities estimated at about \$1,700 and his assets \$1,200.—Elkton Progress.

It is said that a popular young photographer of Hopkinsville, though he has not yet given his order for the wedding suit, has promised it all the same. This is a rather a bowle (s) act but Haden-t he the right?—Progress.

The Leaf was mistaken in saying, in its last issue, that Mrs. Hugh Drane would remove from the city to reside with her mother in Christian county. We make the correction with pleasure. On the contrary, Mrs. D's mother will spend the winter here with her.—Tobacco Leaf.

The Muhlenberg E ho says: Two suits were filed in circuit court clerk's office Monday, one by G. W. Norton's ex'r. The first was for \$17,371.45 interest on bonds due next Monday, and the second \$19,833.61 accrued interest. The suits were brought by Goodloe & Feland.

Hon. E. G. Sebree and Paul H. Banks have formed a law partnership in this city under the style of Banks & Sebree, and have their office in the City Hall building. Both members of this firm are young men of brilliancy and promise, and well posted in their profession. It is a strong team.—Henderson Journal.

Madam Harriet Pride, colored, was fined in Guthrie, Thursday, \$100 and cost for keeping a "dive" and not being able to settle with the court. Harriet is now in jail here. Guthrie seems to be making it very warm for the "ladies" of late. This might be styled a case of fallen Pride.—Progress.

On the third day of the Princeton fair, October 12th, 1888, Mr. Chas. Josberger will run a foot race with any white man, or men, not over five to enter, half mile heats, two best in three, for \$500. Entrance fee \$50. Mr. Josberger will go into training two days in each week during September, then daily until the day of the race. His backers are some of the most solid men of Princeton.—Caldwell Courier.

The tobacco crop has greatly improved since the recent rains. Much of the earlier planting is now ripening, and if the weather will only remain open and propitious, a large part of the crop will be housed within the next two weeks. Farmers should make an extra effort to save the crop and keep it in good order—not permit it to become mutilated by improper handling.—Telephone.

The dates for speaking in the canvass of the district by Presidential Electors Roberts and Lockett have now been arranged. Mr. Lockett writes that his speeches will be irregularly made with regard to time, and suggests that he will notify Mr. Roberts in time for him to attend each appointment. They will certainly hold a joint debate at every county-seat in the district, and probably in many of the villages and out-of-way places.

The Circuit Court disposed of the case of Frank T. Egner against the Order of Chosen Friends for \$1,500 disability benefit, the plaintiff having become disabled by reason of necrosis of the ankle joint and ulceration of the leg. The Order of Chosen Friends contended that he was not totally disabled, and hence not entitled to the fund. The jury, however, took a different view of the matter, and returned a verdict for the plaintiff in the sum of \$1,500, the amount claimed. The Order asked for an appeal, which was granted, and the Court gave until the 7th day of the next Circuit Court to prepare a bill of exceptions.—Telephone.

Mr. James H. Givens, of Dixon, was in the city yesterday and gave us information concerning the finding of \$2,000 in an old cast away iron safe that was once the property of Mr. Beatty, who put up tobacco at Dixon in the year 1871 or 1872. Beatty failed, as all well remember under cloudy circumstances and defrauded many farmers and business men who had trusted him. Among his creditors were Brewer & Orr, into whose possession the safe passed in the settlement of the business. The combination of the safe could not be had and for some time no effort was made to open it, the gentlemen above named, not needing it at the time. Afterwards, in settling their business, they disagreed about several matters and were so obstinate that neither would let the other have the safe and it has been abandoned until several days ago, when Mr. Brewer gave the safe to the firm of Givens & Hall, with the remark: "Yes, take the d—n thing and all in it." This discovery has caused great excitement all around and will no doubt result in the filing of many claims by the parties who were defrauded in 1871 or '72.—Henderson Gleaner.

SPECIAL LOCALS.

REMOVAL!

Having sold my former shop I have moved to my residence, cor 10th and Water Sts., where I will continue to serve the public at my trade, that of shoemaking. PHILIP STOKER.

COAL.

Best lump coal, free from slack and impurities, 50 cents per bushel in yard. Coal houses filled at 10 cents per bushel. E. L. FOLKES.

14th & R. R. Street.

Relative Financial Strength Of the Mutual Life Assurance Companies.

NAME AND DATE OF ORGANIZATION.	LIABILITIES 4 PER CENT RESERVE.	SURPLUS FOR POLICYHOLDERS.	INCREASE OR DECREASE OF SURPLUS.	ASSETS TO EACH POLICYHOLDERS.
Equitable	1859 \$ 66,274,650	\$18,004,255	\$1,748,379	\$127.50
New York	1843 70,659,561	11,848,377	—417,109	117.00
Penn Mutual	1847 10,760,998	1,839,261	347,492	117.00
Northwestern	1857 21,816,130	4,041,889	—295,873	116.00
Conn Mutual	1846 51,417,759	5,225,739	—2,943	110.00
Mutual Benefit	1845 38,894,065	3,276,597	90,606	108.00
Mutual N. Y.	1842 11,273,965	7,592,887	—237,947	107.00
Washington	1860 8,304,675	563,778	56,457	107.00
Mutual of Ky.	1866 11,207,610	88,802	—1,573	115.00

(From the Spectator Pocket Index.) (—) Means a decrease. [a] Includes Tontine Surplus. [b] Includes only the 4% per cent. Reserve.

A Decreasing Surplus means impaired ability to pay to policyholders in the future such dividends as have been heretofore paid, and a decreasing security for the payment of the policy at maturity, in the face of probable lower rates of interest on such prime investments as a prudent Life Assurance Company should make. An increasing surplus indicates the amplest security for the payment of all policies at maturity, and is the strongest possible guarantee that current satisfactory dividends to policy holders will be maintained in the future.

ROB & LYON, District Agent, Hopkinsville, Ky.

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